WOMEN'S FEALTH THE ENVIRONMENT NEW SCIENCE, NEW SOLUTIONS Teresa Heinz | The Heinz Endowments | Magee-Womens Hospital of UPMC | www.womenshealthpittsburgh.org

Thursday. **September 25, 2008** Pittsburgh, PA

David L. Lawrence **Convention Center**

"Science that Bridges the False Divide Between Ecological and Human Health"

Ecological and Human Health Risks from Coal Combustion Products

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Coal-Powered Electrical Plant Stack Plume



Photograph Courtesy-Environmental Integrity Project



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Forward Township Fly Ash Slide



"Clean coal: Never was there an oxymoron more insidious, or more dangerous to our public health....

This slogan has blindsided any meaningful progress toward a sustainable energy policy."

Biggers, Washington Post, <u>Clean Coal Don't</u> <u>Try to Shovel That</u>; Sunday, March 2, 2008.



Little Blue Fly Ash Disposal Site, Beaver County, PA



Photograph Courtesy of Lisa Graves-Marcucci



"Thus the committee concludes that the presence of high contaminant levels in many CCR [coal combustion residue] leachates may create human health and ecological concerns at or near some mine sites over the long term."

-National Academies of Science



Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology, May 2008.

Accumulation and Depuration of Trace Metals in Southern Toads, *Bufo terrestris*, Exposed to Coal Combustion Waste.

Ward C, Hassan S, Mendonça M.

Department of Biological Sciences, Auburn University, cward3@mail.aum.edu.

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Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry, June 2005.

Influence of larval period on responses of overwintering green frog (*Rana clamitans*) larvae exposed to contaminated sediments.

Snodgrass JW, Hopkins WA, Jackson BP, Baionno JA, and Broughton J.

Towson University, jsnodgrass@towson.edu



Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology, Toxicology and Pharmacology. June, 2008.

Exposure to coal combustion residues during metamorphosis elevates corticosterone content and adversely affects oral morphology, growth, and development in *Rana sphenocephala*

John D. Peterson, Vikki A. Peterson and Mary T. Mendonca

Department of Biological Sciences, Auburn University



The Science of the Total Environment, February, 2007

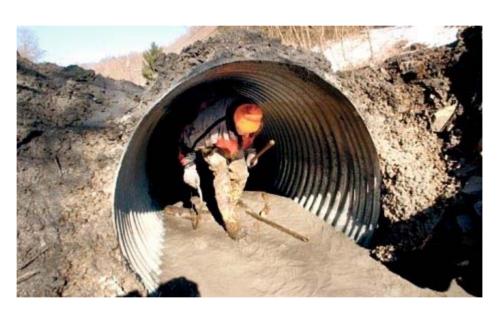
Effects of coal combustion residues on survival, antioxidant potential, and genotoxicity resulting from full-lifecycle exposure of grass shrimp (*Palaemonetes pugio Holthius*).

Danika M. Kuzmick, Carys L. Mitchelmore, William A. Hopkins and Christopher L. Rowe

University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science, Chesapeake Biological Laboratory

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Slurry of Fly Ash Flows Into the Monongahela River from the Forward Township Slide (A Major Drinking Water Source for Allegheny County, PA)



Photograph Courtesy of Lisa Graves-Marcucci



The Center for Healthy Environments and Communities CHEC

We encourage communities, organizations, and individuals to contact us to discuss your ecological and environmental health problems. Email us at chec@pitt.edu or call at 412-648-2342 to make an appointment.

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